

2.12x12mm FDX-B RFID ID Micro Horse Cattle Cowt



RFID

ID

RFID ID
Micro

Chip EM4305

125kHz

3-20

ISO14443A

2*12mm*3*15mm*1.4*8mm*1.25x7mm

EO ACM

EO ACM

EO ACM

□□ □□□□

144Byte/504Byte/888Byte

□□ □□□□□□□□□□

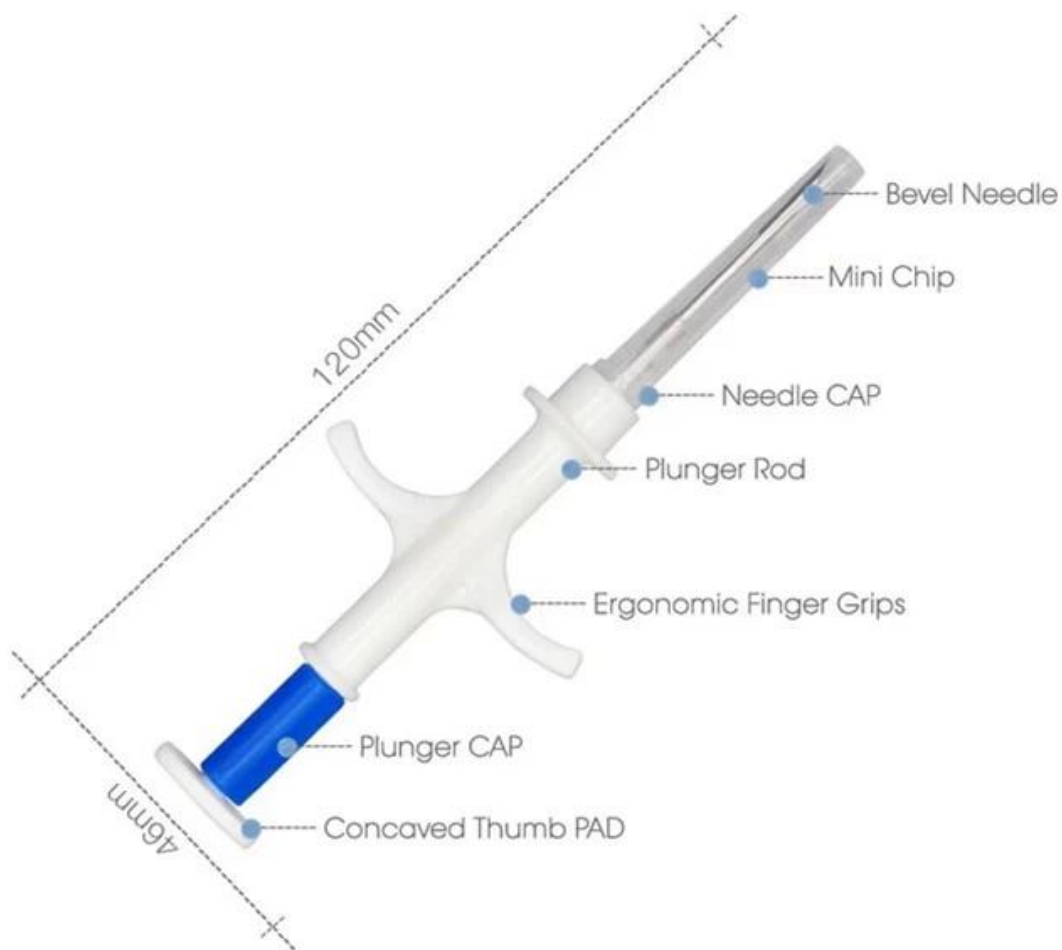
11



PRODUCT INFORMATION



SMALL SIZE WITHOUT AFFECTING PERFORMANCE



ISO STANDARD
INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Injector



Glass tag



ICAR certificated



Pet informatin tracking



- 134.2K/125K FDX-B format with 16-bit encoding, most scanners can be read
- Small size and light weight
- Quickly and safely injects under the surface of pet's skin
- Wide range of applications, suitable for most pets, animal husbandry, fish, wildlife, etc.

WORKING PRINCIPLE

How Does Animal Microchip Work?



1. Scan the pet to verify whether he or she has a microchip that has been previously implanted.



2. Scan the microchip pack to verify that the microchip is functional, and that the ID code matches the accompanying barcode labels.



3. Implant the microchip, then rescan the pet to verify that the microchip can be localized.



4. Do not forget to record the tracking number of the microchip.

Implantation Sites for Microchips



Microchips are most often implanted in animals as outlined in the diagrams above. When scanning dogs and cats, begin in the neck area where the microchip is most likely to be located, but be sure to scan slowly and patiently. Scan repeatedly and over the entire body to ensure whether or not a microchip can be localized.

CUSTOMIZATION



Anti bacterial

Anti bacterial



Easily implanted

Easily implanted



Anti allergy

Anti allergy

SUITABLE FOR ALL KINDS OF ANIMALS



Pet Hospital



Animal husbandry



Species reproduction



Biological identification



□□□□

□□□□

Package Process



□ □